



U.S. Army MEDCOM Pain Management Initiative:

Pain Task Force Overview, Findings, & Recommendations

Pain Management Campaign Plan Overview

COL Patricia Lillis-Hearne
Army Pain Management Task Force







- Why a Task Force for pain?.....What's the problem?
- Task Force Findings/Recommendations
- Way Ahead
- Your Role in Optimizing Pain Management







Bottom Line

A six-month assessment of Pain Management in the Army MEDCOM and DoD revealed the following:

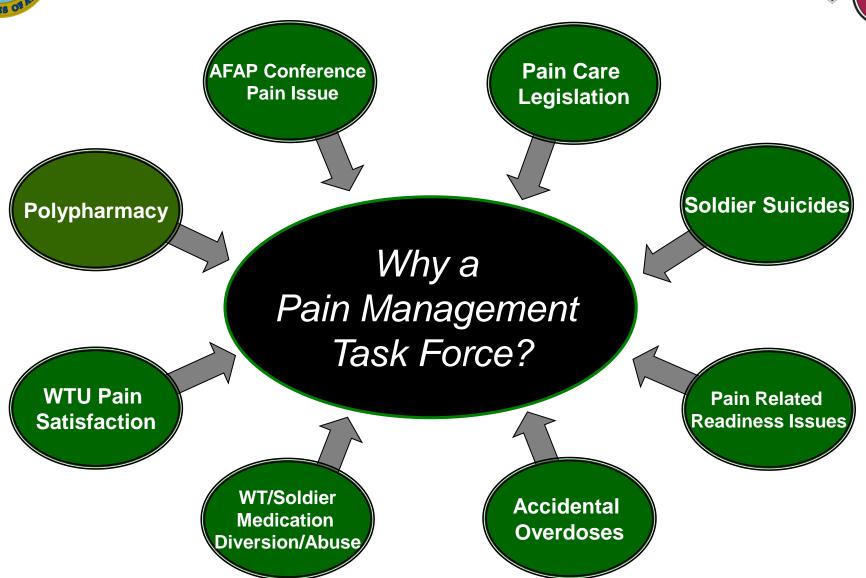
- Military medicine is meeting current standards of care
- Many best practices that should be replicated across organizations
- "Unwarranted variation" in pain management orientation, capabilities, and practice

Army Surgeon General has directed U.S. Army MEDCOM to operationalize Pain Task Force recommendations into a Pain Management Campaign Plan

STATES OF THE

U.S. Army MEDCOM Pain Management Campaign











"...comprehensive pain care is not consistently provided on a uniform basis throughout the systems to all patients in need of such care."

» from proposed 2008 Military Pain Care Act









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Troops reportedly popping more painkillers

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By Gregg Zoroya, USA TODAY

WASHINGTON — Narcotic pain-relief prescriptions for injured U.S. troops have jumped from 30,000 a month to 50,000 since the Iraq war began, raising concerns about the drugs' potential abuse and addiction, says a leading Army pain expert.

The sharp rise in outpatient prescriptions paid for by the government suggests doctors rely too heavily on narcotics, says Army Col. Chester "Trip" Buckenmaier III, of Walter Reed Army Medical Center in Washington.



By 2005, two years into the war, narcotic painkillers were the most abused drug in the military. according to a survey that year of 16,146 servicemembers.

MORE: Prescription drug abuse hits Mo. Army unit hard

Among Army soldiers, 4% surveyed in 2005 admitted abusing prescription narcotics in the previous 30 days, with 10% doing so in the last 12 months. Researchers said the results may have been skewed by respondents mistakenly referring to legal use of pain medication. A 2008 survey has not been released.

FIND MORE STORIES IN: Washington | Virginia | Iraq | Pentagon | Missouri | Marine Corps | Walter Reed Army Medical Center | Department of Veterans Affairs | Fort Leonard Wood | Afghanistan-era | Warrior Transition Units

"You don't have to throw narcotics at people to start managing pain," says Buckenmaier, who pioneered technology that eases the pain of wounded soldiers.

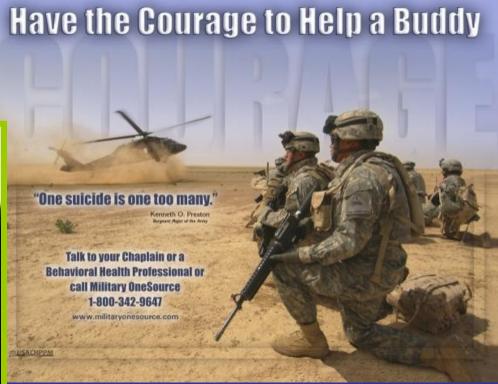






Soldier Suicides











Army Family Action Plan January 2009 Conference

AFAP Recommendation: Authorize and implement a comprehensive strategy that manages pain and optimizes function. Include alternative therapies and provider and patient education



Army Family Action Plan







Readiness Component of Pain Management













Legislation: NDAA 2010 Sec 7-11





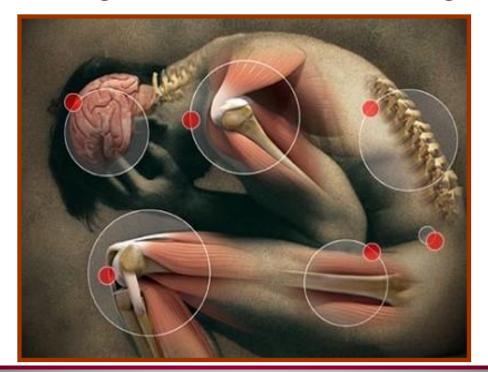




Task Force Mission

To provide recommendations for a MEDCOM <u>comprehensive</u> <u>pain management strategy</u> that is holistic, multidisciplinary, and multimodal in its approach, utilizes state of the art/science modalities and technologies, and provides optimal quality of life for Soldiers and other patients with acute and chronic pain.

» from Army Pain Management Task Force Charter; signed 21 Aug 2009



Slide 11





Task Force Process

- •TSG appointed BG Richard Thomas, Assistant Surgeon General for Force Projection, as the TF Chairperson
- •Air Force, Navy, and Veterans Health Administration appointed TF representatives

TASK FORCE MEMBERSHIP

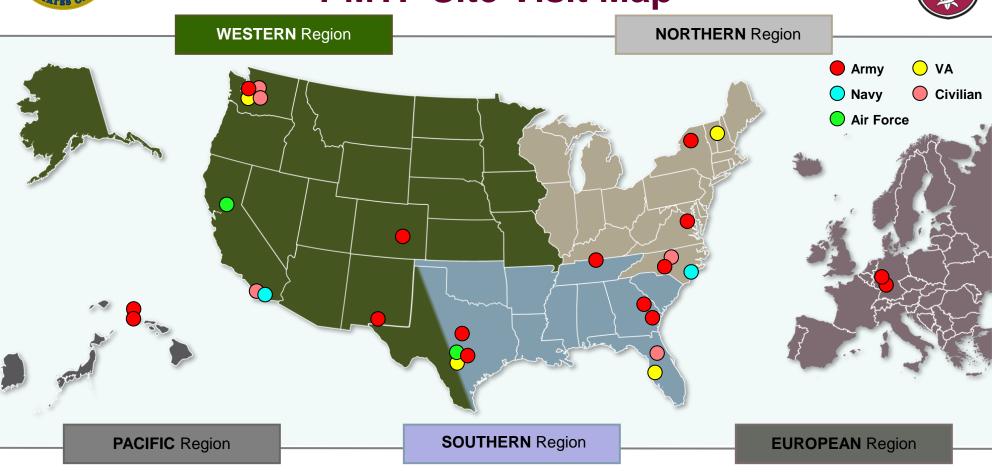
Commands		
Army Reserve	National Guard	ASA (M&RA)
TMA/Health Affairs	Warrior Transition Command	MRMC
Clinical Specialties		
Behavioral Health	Case Management	Integrated Medicine
Nursing	Occupational Therapy	Pain Management
Pharmacy	Physical Therapy	PM&R
Primary Care	Social Work	Family Medicine

- •TF conducted site visits to 27 medical treatment facilities
 - Included DoD and VHA medical facilities
 - Civilian medicine Centers of Excellence for Pain Management





PMTF Site Visit Map



- Fort Lewis (MAMC) & Puget

 Sound VA & Univ of Washington
 & Swedish Hospital
- 2 Fort Drum (GAHC)
- 3 San Antonio VA,& Wilford Hall & Fort Sam Houston (BAMC)
- 4 Fort Carson (EACH)
- 5 Fort Bliss (WBAMC) & Fort Hood (CRDAMC)
- 6 Tampa VA & Univ of Florida
- Balboa Naval Hospital) & Travis AFB & Scripps Center

- 8 Landstuhl (LRMC) & Baumholder AHC
- 9 Duke Univ & Camp Lejeune & Fort Bragg (WAMC)
- **10** Fort Campbell (BACH)

- Honolulu (TAMC) & Schofield Barracks
- Fort Gordon (DDEAMC) & Fort Stewart (WACH)
- **13** White River Junction VA
- 14 Walter Reed (WRAMC)

13 of 36





TF Site Visit Findings

BEST PRACTICES

- Integrated Pain Center (TAMC and Balboa NMC)
- Acute Pain Medicine (WRAMC)
- Interventional Pain Medicine (MEDCENS)

- WTU Medication Policies/Initiatives
- Sole Provider
- Medication Reconciliation (Ft Campbell, Baumholder, Ft Bragg)
- WTU Pharmacist (Ft Bliss, Ft Hood, Ft Carson)
- Embed Pain Mgt Resources in WTU (WRAMC, Ft Bragg)

EDUCATION

- Primary Care Providers feel they are ill-prepared to handle "pain patients" and look to move them to specialty care ASAP
- Lack of common orientation to pain among medical staff
 - Taxonomy
 - **Practice**
- Lack of common orientation to pain among Patients

RESOURCES

- Many Providers not aware of Clinical Practice Guidelines for pain management
- Clinical Practice Guidelines are not "user friendly"
- MEDCOM not fully leveraging IM/IT capabilities to influence/optimize pain mgt practice
- Need improved pain assessment tool
- The perception of working in a system that asks for "A" (quality/satisfaction) but rewards "B" (productivity)

RESEARCH

- Need to improve translational research for pain management
- Current research not fully leveraging the interest/capabilities power of clinicians in research
- We are not able to track sufficient "actionable" pain data for our patients

CAPABILITIES

- Lack of predictable pain management capabilities across our MTFs
- Lack of standardization not unique to MEDCOM or DoD
- Lack of non-medication modalities for pain mgt
- Overwhelming majority of Providers not satisfied with pain management care received in network





Multidisciplinary Care









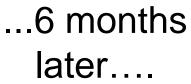


























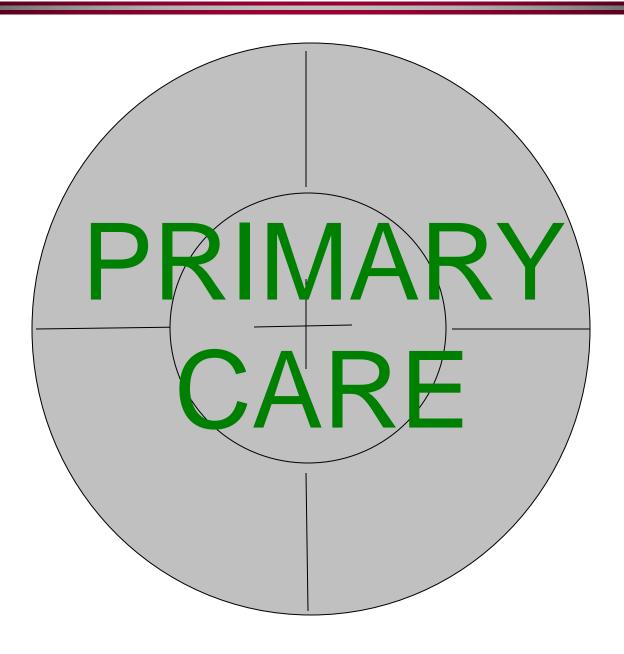
















TASK FORCE REPORT



U.S. Army MEDCOM Pai







Pain Management Task Force

Final Report May 2010

Providing a Standardized DoD and VHA Vision and Approach to Pain Management to Optimize the Care for













Task force: Time to move beyond narcotics for pain relief By Cina Cavallaro force's chief of staff. Instead, "what the nerve to an entire leg or we found were pockets of excel-

ocavaltaro@militarytimes.com

Uate: August 17, 2010

IEDDO Assists with the Joint U.S. Military Pain Management Task Force

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

WASHINGTON, D.C. - New pain relief measures are making sy holoing goldiere recover from transactic inimize reculting from in WASHINGTON, D.C. - New pain rener measures are making soldiers recover from traumatic injuries resulting from the helping soldiers recover from traumatic injuries resulting from the helping soldiers recover from traumatic injuries resulting from the helping soldiers recover from traumatic injuries resulting from the helping soldiers recover from traumatic injuries resulting from the helping soldiers recover from traumatic injuries resulting from the helping soldiers recover fro FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE The Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization, Ine Joint improvised Explosive Device Delean Organization.

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The Warrior Pose': Army considers yoga

to treat Soldiers' pain Overreliance, abuse of prescription drugs leads to alternative treatmer Times

By Lisa R. Rhodes Staff Writer

Posted 8/12/10



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Acapanchire is one method of relieving pain that the Army Is considering as an alternative to medications.

DEFENSE DEPARTMENT

News Communities Education Health Nation Politics Religion Offbeat Sha Report: Military's pain relief programs fall short

Posted 6/23/2010 6:51 PM | Comments ■ 6 | Recommend & 2

Army surgeon general Lt. Gen. Eric Schoomaker

E-mail | Save | Print | Reprints & Permissions By Gregg Zoroya, USA TODAY

WASHINGTON — The military's failure to provide consistent and coordinated pain relief to troops contributes to suicides, prescription drug abuse and aggravates cases of mental illness and brain injury, according to an Army task force investigation.

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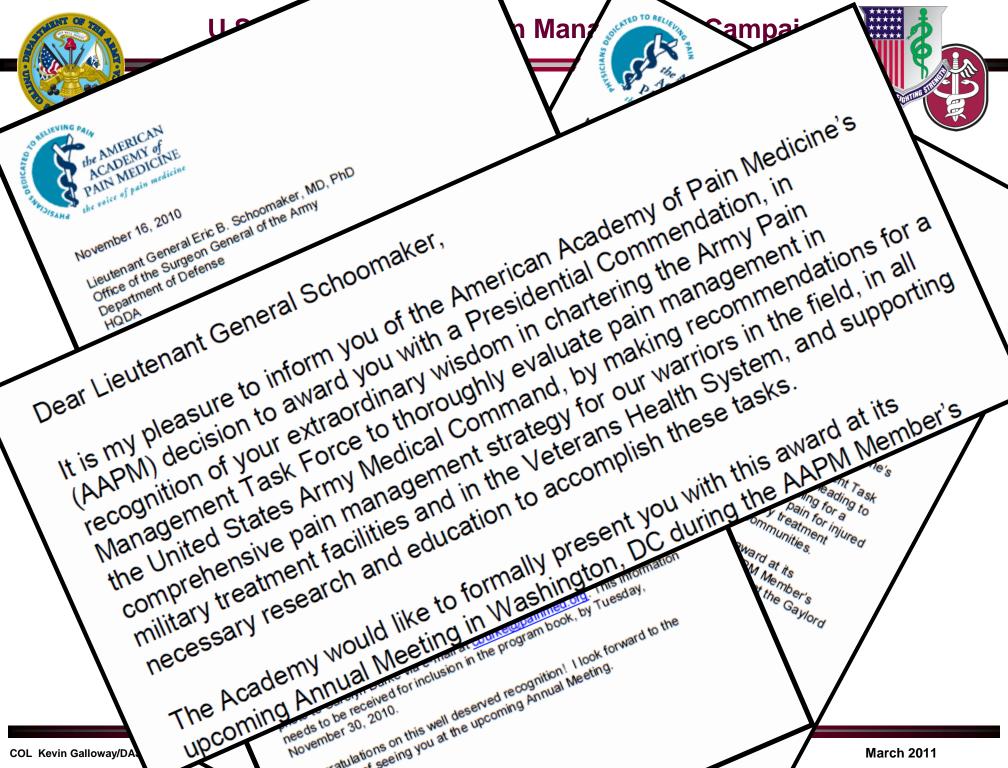
Prescribing doctors rely too often on narcotic pain relievers, while a "no pain, no gain" military culture encourages troops to ignore injuries until discomfort becomes chronic, says the 169-page task force report

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Sgt. 1st Class ce was created last year to examine how the military treats wound fittreat it Sgt. 1st Classice was created last year to examine how the military treats wound medication forling consequence of the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan — and develop

But for a few m attended yoga lize how it deals with troops in pain, including training and hiring.









What it's Not

- Not attempt to "vilify" opioids
- Not picking on Army Medicine
- Not picking on Military Medicine
- Not an indictment on any specialty
- Not an unqualified endorsement of every complementary alternative medicine modality
- Not first step in building a pain "silo" or "empire"





PMTF Report

PMTF Report finalized May 2010

- 109 Recommendations
- Available on Army Medicine website: (http://www.armymedicine.army.mil/)

Incorporated strategies for many "pain" related issues

- Polypharmacy
- Soldier Suicides
- Medication Diversion / Abuse
- Substance Abuse

Highlighted requirements for integration/collaboration with other Army and DoD initiatives

- Army Suicide Prevention Task Force/Health Promotion Risk Reduction TF
- Comprehensive Behavioral Health System of Care
- Comprehensive Soldier Fitness
- Defense Centers of Excellence (DCoE)
- Patient Centered Medical Home
- WTC Comprehensive Transition Plan







- 1 Focus on the Warrior and Family Sustaining the Force
- 2 Synchronize a Culture of Pain Awareness, Education, and Proactive Intervention (Medical Staff, Patients and Leaders)
- Provide Tools and Infrastructure that Support and Encourage Practice and Research Advancements in Pain Management
- Build a Full Spectrum of Best Practices for the Continuum of Acute and Chronic Pain, Based on a Foundation of Best Available Evidence





Integrational Interclipation Tare Patient Centered Care















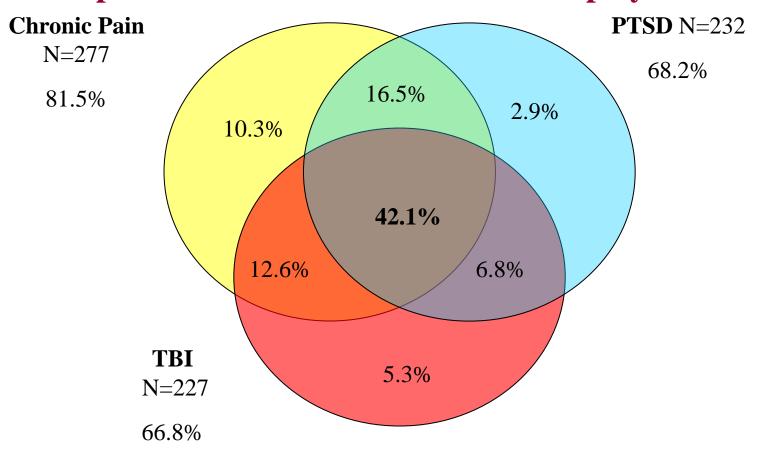








Prevalence of Chronic Pain, PTSD and TBI in a sample of 340 OEF/OIF veterans with polytrauma



Lew, Otis, Tun et al., (2009). Prevalence of Chronic Pain, Post-traumatic Stress Disorder and Post-concussive Symptoms in OEF/OIF Veterans: The Polytrauma Clinical Triad. *JRRD*.





Army Comprehensive Pain Management Campaign Plan (CPMCP)







- 1 Focus on the Warrior and Family Sustaining the Force
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Develop a uniform

1.0 Provide Tools and Infrastructure that Support and Encourage Practice and

Possarch Advancements in Pain Management

Develop a uniform approach to pain care for providers

Identify program capabilities, resources needed and effective multimodal services

Improve rehabilitation, reintegration, and recovery

Establish pain management as a priority, with an urgency that leads to practice change

> Develop and effectively communicate MEDCOM message

Research Advancements in Pain Management

1.1 (TF pg 12)
Standards and
System
Improvements

1.2 (TF pg 25)
Infrastructure
and Tools

1.3 (TF pg 37) Research 1.4 (TF pg 24)
Pain Assessment
Outcome Registry

2.0 Build a Full Spectrum of Best Practices for the Continuum of Acute and Chronic Pain, Based on Foundation of Best Available Evidence

2.1 (TF pg 48)
Primary Care
Pain Management

2.2 (TF pg 51) Stepped Care Model 2.3 (TF pg 54) Musculoskeletal Action Plan 2.4 (TF pg 42)
Integrative Pain
Medicine
Treatment

3.0 Focus on the Warrior and Family - Sustaining the Force

3.1 (TF pg 57) Safe Use of Opioids 3.2 (TF pg 60)
Embed Pain,
Behavioral Health and
Pharmacy Resources

3.3 (TF pg 57)
Integrate with the
WTU Comprehensive
Transition Plan

4.0 Synchronize a Culture of Pain Awareness, Education, and Proactive Intervention

4.1 (TF pg 64)
Unified Approach to
Content, Education,
and Training

4.2 (TF pg 68)
Tiered Organization
for Pain Management
and Leadership

4.3 (TF pg 73)
Central Pain
Management
Advisory Board

4.4 (TF pg 66)
Integrate and
Support Existing
Initiatives

5.0 STRATCOM

5.1 Develop Messages 5.2 Address Issues 5.3
Educate the Patients, Family, Providers, and Leadership

Provide, monitor, and continually improve pain

Build and maintain Integrative and interdisciplinary approach to managing pain

Safely sustain the force by improving physical and psychosocial function and quality of life

Standardize the orientation to and understanding of state-of-the-art and science of pain management

CPMCP positively received and implemented across MEDCOM A
Standardized
approach to
Pain
Management
that
Optimizes
the Care for

Warriors and

their

Families.





CPMCP Phased Roll out







Army TSG-directed development of a Comprehensive Pain Management Campaign Plan (CPMCP)

- Starting with Regional Medical Command Pain "hubs"
- Pain Consortiums: Seattle Washington DC, San Antonio
 - DoD-VHA-Civilian Medicine

Army MEDCOM will continue to support and partner with Air Force, Navy, TMA, and VA to improve MHS pain management and to comply with NDAA requirements

- HEC directed VA & DoD Pain Management Work Group
- Joint Staff Pain Management OIPT

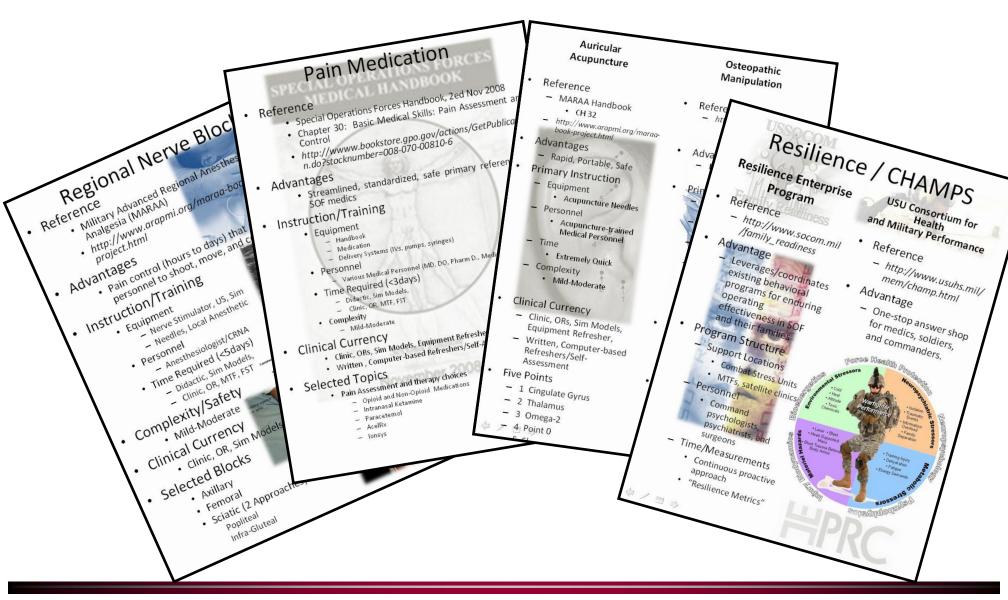
Requirement for a MHS Pain "Center of Excellence"

- Defense and Veterans Pain Management Initiative (DVPMI)
- Currently working Tri-Service issues
- Already producing "wins" for MHS Pain
 - Acute Pain Chest (deployed to level 3 facilities in Theater)
 - SOF Pain Curriculum





SOF Pain Curriculum (Draft)







What is your role?







What can you do?

- Read TF Report (at least read the EXSUM)
- Contact us if you are interested in participating at the DoD, or larger Military Medicine level
- Support required organizational changes
 - Individually
 - Within your cohort
 - To your subordinates







Current Challenge

"At every crossway on the road that leads to the future each progressive spirit is opposed by a thousand men appointed to guard the past."

-Maurice Maeterlinck











Thank You